



$$\cos \alpha = x \quad \sin \alpha = y \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{y}{x}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$\underline{\cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha = 1} \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$$

同角 $\Rightarrow$ 知 - 求 =

【例 1】已知 α 是第二象限的角，且 $\sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$ ，则 $\tan \alpha = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

$$\cos \alpha < 0$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\cos \alpha = -\frac{2}{5}\sqrt{5}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{\frac{1}{5}}{-\frac{2}{5}\sqrt{5}} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

【例 2】已知 α 是第四象限的角，且 $\tan \alpha = -3$ ，则 $\sin \alpha = \underline{-\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}}}$.

$\because \alpha$ 是第四象限的角， $\sin \alpha$ 为负， $\cos \alpha$ 为正

$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \tan \alpha = -3$$

$$\sin \alpha = -3 \cos \alpha$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$9\cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \pm \frac{\sqrt{10}}{10}$$

【例 3】已知 $\cos \alpha + 2\sin \alpha = \sqrt{5}$, 则 $\tan \alpha = (B)$

- (A) $\frac{1}{2}$ (B) 2 (C) $-\frac{1}{2}$ (D) -2

$$\begin{cases} \cos \alpha + 2\sin \alpha = \sqrt{5} \\ \cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha = 1 \end{cases}$$

【例 4】已知 $0 < x < \pi$, 化简: $\sqrt{(1 + \tan \frac{x}{2})^2 + (1 - \tan \frac{x}{2})^2}$. 切化弦 $\tan \alpha \rightarrow \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$

$$= \sqrt{(1 + \frac{\sin \frac{x}{2}}{\cos \frac{x}{2}})^2 + (1 - \frac{\sin \frac{x}{2}}{\cos \frac{x}{2}})^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{2(1 + \frac{\sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}{\cos^2 \frac{x}{2}})} = \sqrt{2 \frac{\sin^2 \frac{x}{2} + \cos^2 \frac{x}{2}}{\cos^2 \frac{x}{2}}} = \sqrt{2 \frac{1}{\cos^2 \frac{x}{2}}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\cos \frac{x}{2}}$$

(1) $\sin^2 \alpha \tan \alpha + \frac{\cos^2 \alpha}{\tan \alpha} + 2\sin \alpha \cos \alpha$; (2) $\sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{1 - \cos \alpha}} + \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha}}$ $180^\circ < \alpha < 270^\circ$ $(\pi < \alpha < \frac{3\pi}{2})$. 180° < α < 270°

①

②

$$1 + \cos \alpha > 0$$

$$(1) = \sin^2 \alpha \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} + \cos^2 \alpha \cdot \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} + 2\sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

$$= \frac{\sin^3 \alpha}{\cos \alpha} + \frac{\cos^3 \alpha}{\sin \alpha} + 2\sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

$$= \frac{\sin^4 \alpha + \cos^4 \alpha + 2}{\cos \alpha \sin \alpha}$$

$$= \frac{(\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha)^2 - 2\sin \alpha \cos \alpha + 2}{\cos \alpha \sin \alpha}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cos \alpha \sin \alpha}$$

$$(2) \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{1 - \cos \alpha}} = \sqrt{\frac{(1 + \cos \alpha)^2}{(1 - \cos \alpha)(1 + \cos \alpha)}} = \sqrt{\frac{(1 + \cos \alpha)^2}{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}} = \sqrt{\frac{(1 + \cos \alpha)^2}{\sin^2 \alpha}} = \frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$\textcircled{2} = -\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$\textcircled{1} + \textcircled{2} = -\frac{2}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$(1) \frac{\cos x}{1 - \sin x} = \frac{1 + \sin x}{\cos x};$$

$$(2) \frac{1 - 2\sin x \cos x}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x} = \frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x};$$

$$(3) \tan^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha = \tan^2 \alpha \sin^2 \alpha;$$

$$(4) (1 - \tan^4 \theta) \cos^2 \theta + \tan^2 \theta = 1.$$

$$(1) \frac{\cos x}{1 - \sin x} - \frac{1 + \sin x}{\cos x} = 0$$

$$\frac{\cos x (1 + \sin x)}{(1 - \sin x)(1 + \sin x)} - \frac{1 + \sin x}{\cos x} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{\cancel{\cos x} + \cos x \sin x} - \frac{1 + \sin x}{\cos x} = 0$$

$$(2) \frac{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x - 2\sin x \cos x}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x} = \frac{(1 - \tan x)^2}{1 + \tan^2 x}$$

$$\frac{(\cos x - \sin x)^2}{(\cos x + \sin x)(\cos x - \sin x)} = \frac{\left(\frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x}\right)^2}{1 - \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}}$$

$$\frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x + \sin x} = \frac{\frac{(\cos x - \sin x)^2}{\cos^2 x}}{\frac{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}}$$

$$\frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x + \sin x} = \frac{(\cos x - \sin x)^2}{\cos^2 x} \cdot \frac{\cos^2 x}{(\cos x + \sin x)(\cos x - \sin x)}$$

$$(3) \quad \tan^2 a \sin^2 a - \sin^2 a + \sin^2 a = 0$$

$$\frac{\sin^4 a}{\cos^2 a} - \frac{\sin^4 a}{\cos^2 a} = 0$$

$$0 = 0$$

$$(4) \quad (1 - \tan^4 \theta) \cos^2 \theta + \tan^2 \theta = 1$$

$$(1 - \tan^2 \theta) (1 + \tan^2 \theta) \cos^2 \theta + \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} = 1$$

$$\frac{\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} \cdot \frac{\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} \cdot \cos^2 \theta + \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} = 1$$

$$\frac{\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} + \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} = 1$$

$$\frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} = 1$$