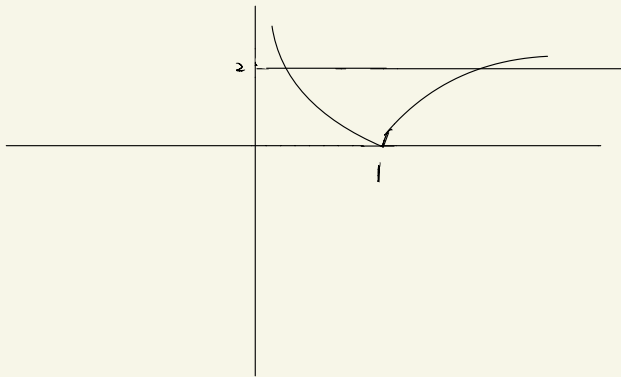




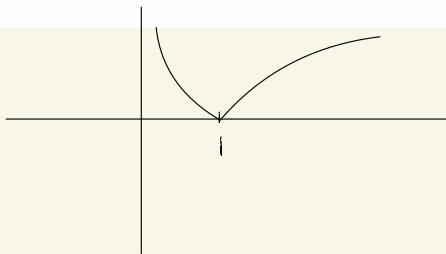
【例 1】(多选) 已知函数 $f(x) = |\log_2 x|$ 的值域是 $[0, 2]$ ，则其定义域可能是 ()

- (A) $[\frac{1}{8}, 4]$ (B) $[\frac{1}{4}, 4]$ (C) $[\frac{1}{4}, 2]$ (D) $[\frac{1}{2}, 2]$

$$a=2$$



【例 2】已知函数 $f(x) = |\lg x|$ ，若 $a < b$ ，且 $f(a) = f(b)$ ，则 $2a + b$ 的最小值是_____.



$$\because \lg a = \lg b > 0, a < b \text{ 且 } f(a) = f(b)$$

$$\therefore b = \frac{1}{a}$$

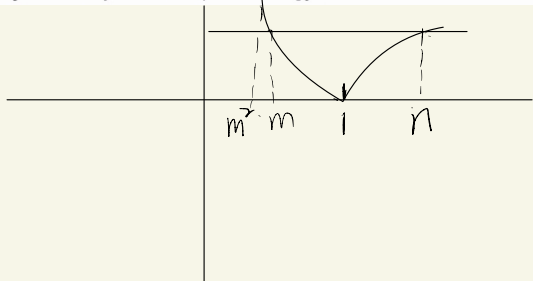
$$2a + b = 2a + \frac{1}{a} = 2(a + \frac{1}{2a})$$

$$(2a + b)_{\min} = 2 \times 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

【例 3】已知函数 $f(x) = |\log_3 x|$ ，若正实数 $m, n (m < n)$ 满足 $f(m) = f(n)$ ，且 $f(x)$ 在 $[m^2, n]$ 上的最大值为 2，

则 $n - m =$ (A)

- (A) $\frac{8}{3}$ (B) $\frac{80}{9}$ (C) $\frac{15}{4}$ (D) $\frac{255}{16}$



$$|\log_3 x| = 2 \Rightarrow \log_3 x = \pm 2, x = 9 \text{ 或 } \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\because m < 0$$

$$\therefore m^2 < m$$

$$\therefore f(m^2) > f(n)$$

$$\therefore m^2 = \frac{1}{9}, m = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\therefore n=3$$

$$n-m = \frac{8}{3}$$

【例4】若当 $x \in [-2, -1]$ 时，总有 $|\log_a(x+3)| < 2$ ，则实数 a 的取值范围是 $(0, \frac{\sqrt{e}}{2}) \cup (\sqrt{e}, +\infty)$

$$\text{设 } x+3 = t$$

$$t \in [1, 2]$$

$$\forall t \in [1, 2], |\log_a t| < 2$$

$$\therefore |\log_a 2| < 2$$

$$-2 < \log_a 2 < 2$$

$$\text{转化为: } \log_a \frac{1}{a^2} < \log_a 2 < \log_a a^2$$

$$\text{当 } 0 < a < 1 \text{ 时, } \frac{1}{a^2} > 2 > a^2$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{a^2} > 2 \\ 0 < a < 1 \\ a^2 < 2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 1 > 2a^2 = -\frac{\sqrt{e}}{2} < a < \frac{\sqrt{e}}{2} \\ 0 < a < 1 \\ \sqrt{e} < a < \sqrt{2} \end{cases} \Rightarrow (0, \frac{\sqrt{e}}{2})$$

$$\text{当 } a > 1 \text{ 时, } \frac{1}{a^2} < 2 < a^2$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{a^2} < 2 \\ a > 1 \\ a^2 > 2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a > \frac{\sqrt{e}}{2} \text{ 或 } a < -\frac{\sqrt{e}}{2} \\ a > 1 \\ a > \sqrt{2} \text{ 或 } a < -\sqrt{2} \end{cases} \Rightarrow (\sqrt{2}, +\infty)$$